# St Mary of the Angels Catholic Primary School

# Design and Technology progression strands of knowledge, skills and vocabulary

<u>EYFS</u>	Characteristics of effective learning	Early Learning Goals		
	<ul> <li>Show curiosity about objects, events and people Questions why things happen</li> <li>Engage in open-ended activity Thinking of ideas</li> <li>Find ways to solve problems / find new ways to do things / test their ideas Use senses to explore the world around them</li> <li>Create simple representations of events, people and objects</li> <li>Planning, making decisions about how to approach a task, solve a problem and reach a goal Checking how well their activities are going</li> <li>Changing strategy as needed</li> <li>Reviewing how well the approach worked</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Choose the resources they need for their chosen activities Handle equipment and tools effectively</li> <li>Children know the importance for good health of a healthy diet</li> <li>They safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.</li> <li>Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes.</li> <li>They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology</li> </ul>		

<u>Key stage 1</u> Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home and school, gardens and playgrounds, the local community, industry and the wider environment]. When designing and making, pupils should be taught to:

## Design

- design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria
- ♣ generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology Make
- \* select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]
- \* select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics

## Evaluate

- explore and evaluate a range of existing products
- A evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria Technical knowledge
- & build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable
- \* explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products

Key stage 2 Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment]. When designing and making, pupils should be taught to:

### Design

- ♣ use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups
- ♣ generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design

### Make

- \* select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately
- \* select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities

### Evaluate

- \* investigate and analyse a range of existing products
- ♣ evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work
- understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world Technical knowledge
- A apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures
- ♣ understand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages]
- understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors]
- A apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products.

<u>Skills</u>	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Generating ideas - designing	Design appealing products for a particular user based on simple design criteria.     Generate initial ideas and design criteria through own experiences.     Develop and communicate these ideas through talk and drawings and mock ups where relevant.	Generate ideas based on simple design criteria and their own experiences, explaining what they could make.     Develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, mock-ups and drawings.	Generate realistic ideas through discussion and design criteria for an appealing, functional product fit for purpose and specific user/s.      Use annotated sketches, prototypes, final product sketches and pattern pieces; communication technology, such as web-based recipes, to develop and communicate ideas.	Generate and clarify ideas through discussion with peers to develop design criteria to inform the design of products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups.      Use annotated sketches and appropriate information and communication technology, such as web-based recipes, to develop and communicate ideas.      Generate, develop, model and communicate realistic ideas through discussion and, as appropriate, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams.	Generate innovative ideas through research, including discussion with peers to develop a design brief and criteria for a design specification.  Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for the intended user that are fit for purpose based on a simple design specification.  Develop and communicate ideas through discussion, annotated drawings, exploded drawings and drawings from different views. and, where appropriate, computer-aided design	Use research using surveys, interviews, questionnaires and web-based resources. to develop a design specification for a range of functional products.      Develop a simple design specification to guide the development of their ideas and products, taking account of constraints including time, resources and cost.      Generate and develop innovative ideas and share and clarify these through discussion.      Communicate ideas through annotated sketches, pictorial representations of electrical circuits or circuit diagrams.
Making	Select and use simple utensils, tools and equipment to perform a job e.g. peel, cut, slice, squeeze, grate and chop safely; marking out,	Plan by suggesting what to do next. Select and use tools, equipment, skills and techniques to perform	Plan the main stages of making.     Select from and use a range of appropriate utensils, tools and equipment with some	Order the main stages of making. Select and use appropriate tools to measure, mark out, cut, score, shape and	Produce detailed lists of equipment and fabrics relevant to their tasks	Formulate a step-by-step plan to guide making, listing tools, equipment, materials and components.
	cutting, joining and finishing; cut, shape and join paper and card. • Select from a range of ingredients and materials according to their characteristics to create a chosen product.	practical tasks, explaining their choices.  • Select new and materials, components, reclaimed materials and construction kits to build and create their products.  • Use simple finishing techniques suitable for the products they are creating.	accuracy related to their product. • Select from and use finishing techniques suitable for the product they are creating.	combine with some accuracy related to their products.  • Explain their choice of materials according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities.  • Select from and use materials and components, including ingredients, construction and electrical components according to their function and properties.	.• Write a step-by-step plan, including a list of resources required.  • Select from and use, a range of appropriate utensils, tools and equipment accurately to measure and combine appropriate ingredients, materials and resources.	Competently select from and use appropriate tools to accurately measure, mark, cut and assemble materials, and securely connect electrical components to produce reliable, functional products.  Use finishing and decorative techniques suitable for the product they are designing and making.

Evaluating	Taste, explore and evaluate a range of products to determine the intended user's preferences for the product  Evaluate their ideas throughout and finished products against design criteria, including intended user and purpose.	Explore a range of existing products related to their design criteria.     Evaluate their product by discussing how well it works in relation to the purpose, the user and whether it meets the original design criteria.	Investigate a range of 3-D textile products, ingredients and lever and linkage products relevant to their project.     Test their product against the original design criteria and with the intended user.     Evaluate the ongoing work and the final product with reference to the design criteria and the views of others.	Investigate and evaluate a range of products including the ingredients, materials, components and techniques that are used.     Test and evaluate their own products against design criteria and the intended user and purpose.     Evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and identify the strengths and areas for improvement in their work.	Investigate and analyse products linked to their final product.  Compare the final product to the original design specification and record the evaluations.  Test products with intended user and critically evaluate the quality of the design, manufacture, functionality and fitness for purpose.  Consider the views of others to improve their work.	Continually evaluate and modify the working features of the product to match the initial design specification. Critically evaluate their products against their design specification, intended user and purpose, identifying strengths and areas for development, and carrying out appropriate tests. Test the system to demonstrate its effectiveness for the intended user and purpose.
Vocabulary	planning, investigating design, evaluate, make, user, purpose, ideas, product,	investigating, planning, design, make, evaluate, user, purpose, ideas, design criteria, product, function	user, purpose, design, model, evaluate, prototype, annotated sketch, functional, innovative, investigate, label, drawing, function, planning, design criteria, annotated sketch, appealing	evaluating, design brief design criteria, innovative, prototype, user, purpose, function, prototype, design criteria, innovative, appealing, design brief, planning, annotated sketch, sensory evaluations	design decisions, functionality, authentic, user, purpose, design specification, design brief, innovative, research, evaluate, design criteria, annotate, evaluate, mock-up, prototype	function, innovative, design specification, design brief, user, purpose design brief, design specification, prototype, annotated sketch, purpose, user, innovation, research, functional, mock-up, prototype
Knowledge	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Food	Understand where a range of fruit and vegetables come from e.g. farmed or grown at home.	Understand where a range of fruit and vegetables come from e.g. farmed or grown at home.	Know how to use appropriate equipment and utensils to prepare and combine food.	Know how to use appropriate equipment and utensils to prepare and combine food.	Know how to use utensils and equipment including heat sources to prepare and cook food.	Know how to use utensils and equipment including heat sources to prepare and cook food.
	<ul> <li>Understand and use basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes, including how fruit and vegetables are part of <i>The eatwell plate</i>.</li> <li>Know and use technical and sensory vocabulary relevant to the project.</li> </ul>	Understand and use basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes, including how fruit and vegetables are part of <i>The eatwell plate</i> .      Know and use technical and sensory vocabulary relevant to the project.	Know about a range of fresh and processed ingredients appropriate for their product, and whether they are grown, reared or caught.     Know and use relevant technical and sensory vocabulary appropriately.	Know about a range of fresh and processed ingredients appropriate for their product, and whether they are grown, reared or caught.     Know and use relevant technical and sensory vocabulary appropriately.	Understand about seasonality in relation to food products and the source of different food products.     Know and use relevant technical and sensory vocabulary.	Understand about seasonality in relation to food products and the source of different food products.     Know and use relevant technical and sensory vocabulary.

Vocabulary	fruit and vegetable names, names of equipment and utensils sensory vocabulary e.g. soft, juicy, crunchy, sweet, sticky, smooth, sharp, crisp, sour, hard flesh, skin, seed, pip, core, slicing, peeling, cutting, squeezing, healthy diet, choosing, ingredients,	fruit and vegetable names, names of equipment and utensils sensory vocabulary e.g. soft, juicy, crunchy, sweet, sticky, smooth, sharp, crisp, sour, hard flesh, skin, seed, pip, core, slicing, peeling, cutting, squeezing, healthy diet, choosing, ingredients	name of products, names of equipment, utensils, techniques and ingredients texture, taste, sweet, sour, hot, spicy, appearance, smell, preference, greasy, moist, cook, fresh, savoury, hygienic, edible, grown, reared, caught, frozen, tinned, processed, seasonal, harvested healthy/varied diet	name of products, names of equipment, utensils, techniques and ingredients texture, taste, sweet, sour, hot, spicy, appearance, smell, preference, greasy, moist, cook, fresh, savoury, hygienic, edible, grown, reared, caught, frozen, tinned, processed, seasonal, harvested healthy/varied diet	ingredients, yeast, dough, bran, flour, wholemeal, unleavened, baking soda, spice, herbs fat, sugar, carbohydrate, protein, vitamins, nutrients, nutrition, healthy, varied, gluten, dairy, allergy, intolerance, savoury, source, seasonality utensils, combine, fold, knead, stir, pour, mix, rubbing in, whisk, beat, roll out, shape, sprinkle, crumble	ingredients, yeast, dough, bran, flour, wholemeal, unleavened, baking soda, spice, herbs fat, sugar, carbohydrate, protein, vitamins, nutrients, nutrition, healthy, varied, gluten, dairy, allergy, intolerance, savoury, source, seasonality utensils, combine, fold, knead, stir, pour, mix, rubbing in, whisk, beat, roll out, shape, sprinkle, crumble
Structures	<ul> <li>Know how to make freestanding structures stronger, stiffer and more stable.</li> <li>Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.</li> </ul>		Develop and use knowledge of how to construct strong, stiff shell structures.     Develop and use knowledge of nets of cubes and cuboids and, where appropriate, more complex 3D shapes.     Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.		Understand how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce 3-D frameworks.     Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	
Vocabulary	cut, fold, join, fix structure, wall, tower, framework, weak, strong, base, top, underneath, side, edge, surface, thinner, thicker, corner, point, straight, curved, metal, wood, plastic circle, triangle, square, rectangle, cuboid, cube, cylinder		shell structure, three-dimensional (3-D) shape, net, cube, cuboid, prism, vertex, edge, face, length, width, breadth, capacity, marking out, scoring, shaping, tabs, adhesives, joining, assemble, accuracy, material, stiff, strong, reduce, reuse, recycle, corrugating, ribbing, laminating, font, lettering, text, graphics, decision,		frame structure, stiffen, streng stability, shape, join, temporary	gthen, reinforce, triangulation, , permanent
Textiles	Understand how simple 3-D textile products are made, using a template to create two identical shapes.     Understand how to join fabrics using different techniques e.g. running stitch, glue, over stitch, stapling.     Explore different finishing techniques     Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.		Know how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce existing fabrics.      Understand how to securely join two pieces of fabric together.      Understand the need for patterns and seam allowances.      Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.		<ul> <li>Produce a 3-D textile product from a combination of accurately made pattern pieces, fabric shapes and different fabrics.</li> <li>Understand how fabrics can be strengthened, stiffened and reinforced where appropriate.</li> <li>Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.</li> </ul>	
Vocabulary	, ,	joining and finishing techniques, tools, fabrics and components, template, pattern pieces, mark out, join, decorate, finish		fabric, names of fabrics, fastening, compartment, zip, button, structure, finishing technique, strength, weakness, stiffening, templates, stitch, seam, seam allowance		reinforce, right side, wrong side, name of textiles and fastenings ing shears, fastenings,

Mechanisms and Mechanical systems	Understand that different mechanisms produce different types of movement.     Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	Explore and use wheels, axles and axle holders.     Distinguish between fixed and freely moving axles.     Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	Understand and use lever and linkage mechanisms.     Distinguish between fixed and loose pivots.  Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	Understand that mechanical and electrical systems have an input, process and an output.     Understand how gears and pulleys can be used to speed up, slow down or change the direction of movement.  Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.
Vocabulary	slider, lever, pivot, slot, bridge/guide, card, masking tape, paper fastener, join, pull, push, up, down, straight, curve, forwards, backwards	vehicle, wheel, axle, axle holder, chassis, body, cab assembling, cutting, joining, shaping, finishing, fixed, free, moving, mechanism names of tools, equipment and materials used	input, process, output linear, rotary, oscillating, reciprocating	pulley, drive belt, gear, rotation, spindle, driver, follower, ratio, transmit, axle, motor, circuit, switch, circuit diagram, annotated drawings, exploded diagrams, mechanical system, electrical system, input, process, output